



Sprint 2

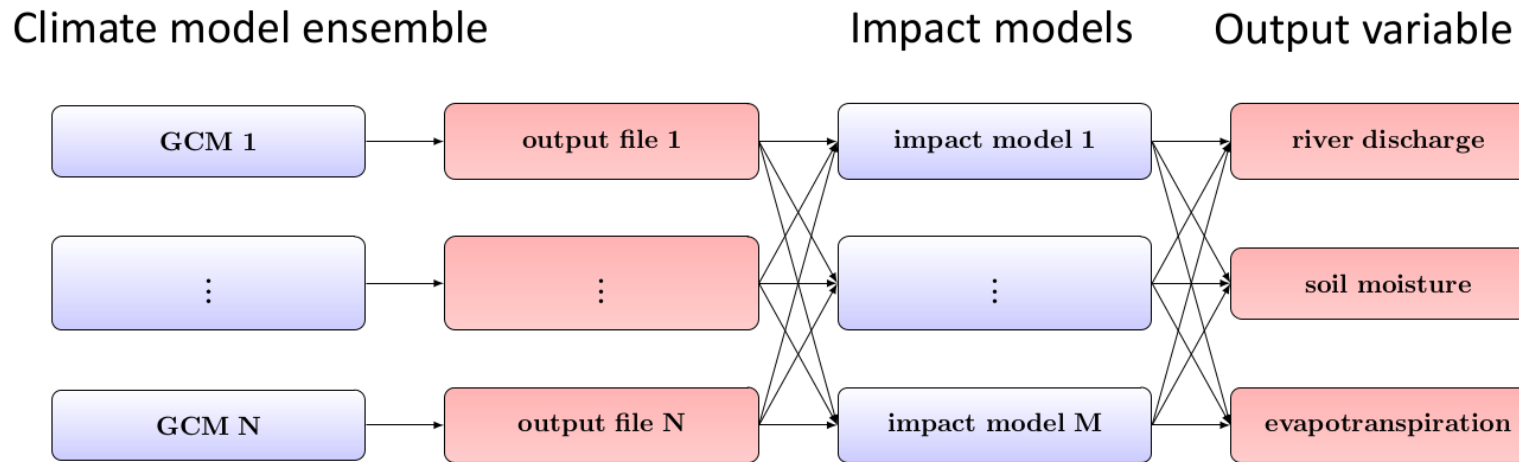
Challenges and results experienced during the ICON-mHM-YAC sprint

Stephan Thober (UFZ), **Sebastian Müller (UFZ)**, Enrico Degregori (DKRZ), René Redler (MPI), Moritz Hanke (MPI), Daniel Klocke (MPI)

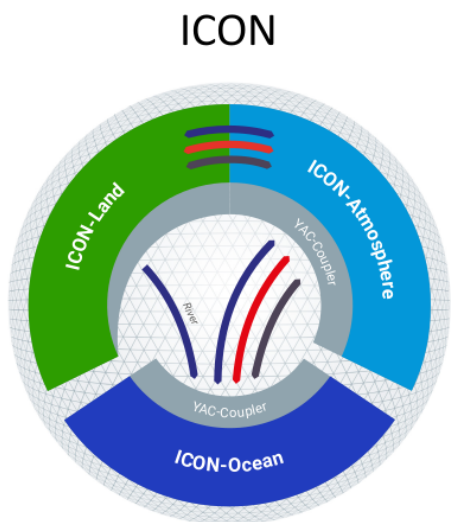


General information: Overview and Scope

Coupling via files.



Coupling via memory

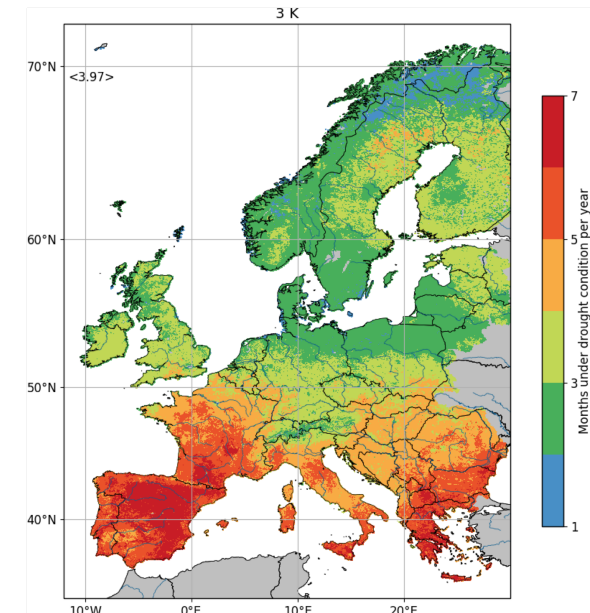
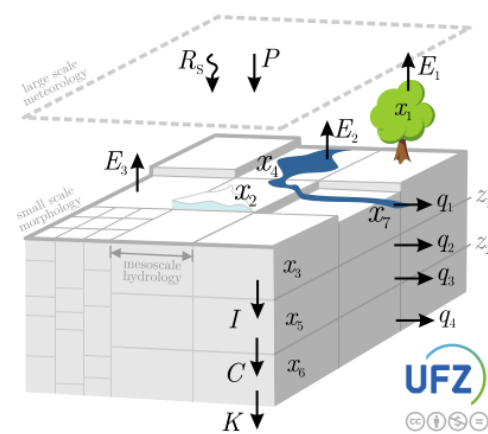


YAC



Precipitation, 2-m air Temperature, humidity, Downward radiation

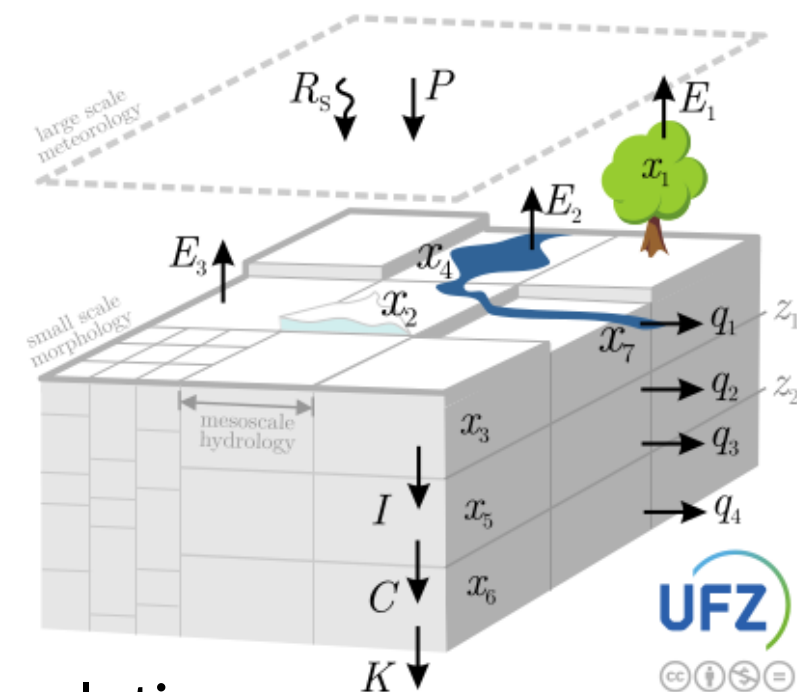
mHM



Samaniego and Thober et al., 2018 (NCC)

General information: The mesoscale hydrologic model (mHM)

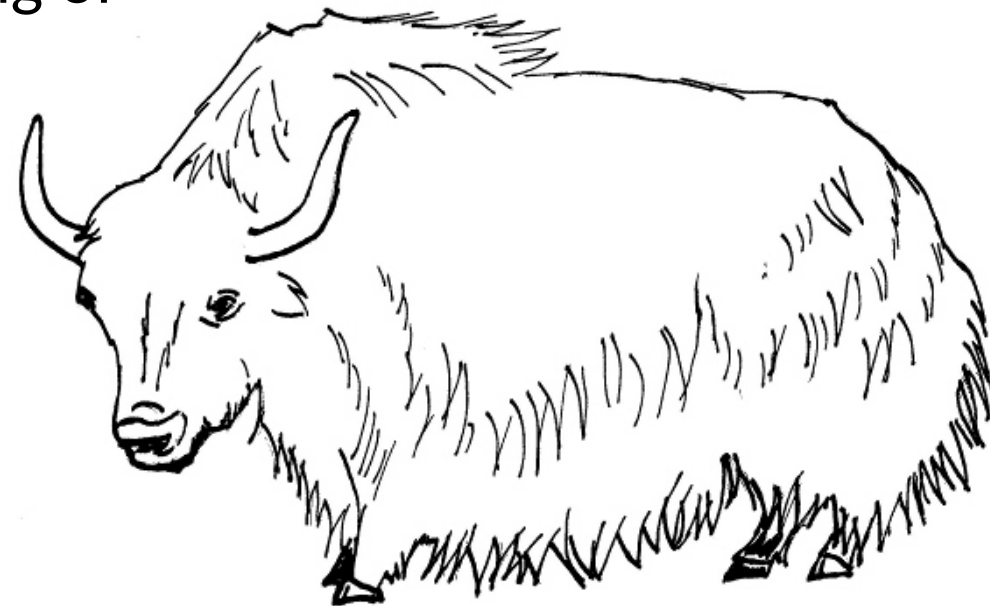
- spatially explicit distributed hydrologic model on grid cells
- accounts for a variety of processes (e.g., runoff, PET, discharges, flood routing)
- driven by hourly or daily meteorological forcings (e.g., precipitation, temperature)
- utilizes observable basin physical characteristics (e.g., soil-, geological properties)
- main feature of mHM is the approach to estimate parameters at the target resolution based on high resolution physiographic land surface descriptors (MPR)



<https://mhm-ufz.org>

General information: Yet Another Coupler (YAC)

- developed at DKRZ
- lightweight software library to realise coupling of Earth system model components
- two-dimensional neighborhood search, interpolation, and communication for the coupling between any two models
- efficient and fully parallelized
- supports unstructured and block-structured numerical grids



<https://dkrz-sw.gitlab-pages.dkrz.de/yac>
Hanke and Redler et al., 2016 (GMD)

Work description

- 1) Provide overview of YAC to mHM core developers (RSE)
- 2) Provide mHM overview to ICON-YAC core developers (UFZ)
- 3) Identify mHM source code modifications necessary for YAC coupling (UFZ/RSE)
- 4) Implement mHM code modifications (UFZ)
- 5) Create dummy component that reads default input meteorology and passes it to mHM (RSE)
- 6) Conduct mHM default simulation coupled to dummy component using YAC (RSE)
- 7) Validate mHM default simulation (UFZ)

- 1) Discuss simulation experiment to conduct coupled ICON-mHM simulation (UFZ/RSE)
- 2) Adapt ICON initialisation to allow external models
- 3) Modify ICON-ESM to provide required variables to mHM via YAC (RSE)
- 4) Provide mHM setup for simulation experiment (UFZ)
- 5) Conduct coupled ICON mHM simulations (RSE)

Results

toy_atm.c

```

{
  double *point_set_data[1];
  double **collection_data[1] = {point_set_data};

  point_set_data[0] = tavg;
  yac_cput(tavg_field_id, nlev, collection_data, &info, &err);
}

```

Meteo

- tavg
- pre
- ...



YAC



coupling.xml

```

<!--tavg-->
<transient_couple transient_id="2">
  <source component_ref="2" transient_grid_ref="2"/>
  <target transient_grid_ref="2"/>
  <timestep>
    <source>24</source>
    <target>1</target>
    <coupling_period operation="accumulate">24</coupling_period>
    <source_timelag>0</source_timelag>
    <target_timelag>0</target_timelag>
  </timestep>

```

mhm_driver_yac.f90

```

! Loop over time
TimeLoop: do while(.not. time_loop_finished)

  call coupling_mhm_rcv_meteo(L1_pre_yac, L1_tavg_yac, L1_pet_yac, L1_tmin_yac, L1_tmax_yac, &
                             L1_netrad_yac, L1_absvappress_yac, L1_windspeed_yac)
  select case (processMatrix(5, 1))
  case(-1 : 0)
    call mhm_interface_run_do_time_step(L1_pre_yac=L1_pre_yac, L1_tavg_yac=L1_tavg_yac, &
                                         L1_pet_yac=L1_pet_yac)

```

- Created new driver for mHM-YAC coupling
- Replace meteorological data in every time-step
- New development in mHM: “meteo-handler” to either read from interface or file

Results

ICON

```
! -----
! Send land surface temperature - coupling with hydrology model
! field_id(15) represents "mean_land_surface_temperature"
!
CALL yac_fput ( field_id(15), nbr_hor_cells, no_arr, &
               buffer(1:nbr_hor_cells,1:no_arr), info, ierror )
```

coupling.xml

```
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    <source>24</source>
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Meteo

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- pre
- ...



mhm_driver_yac.f90

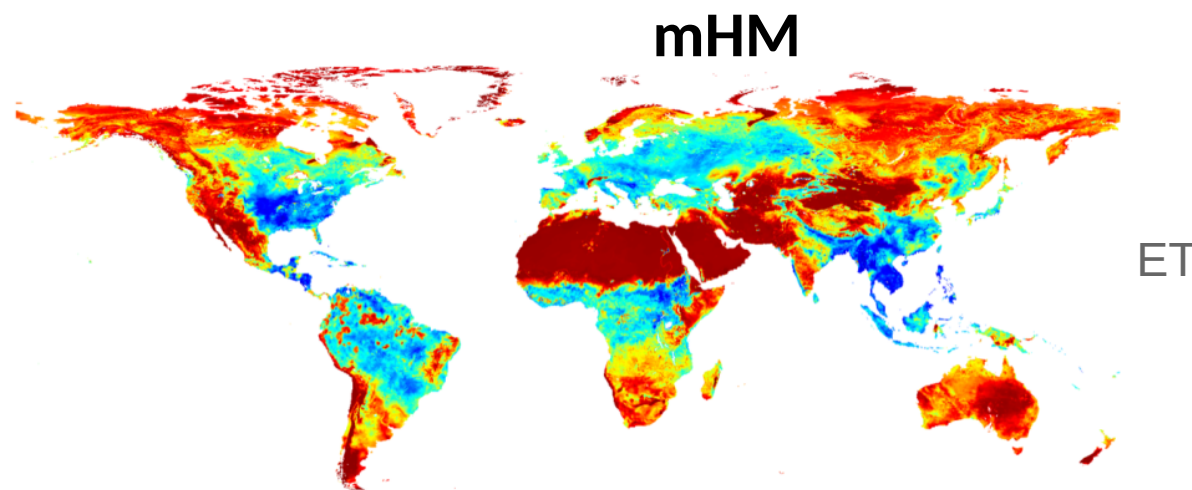
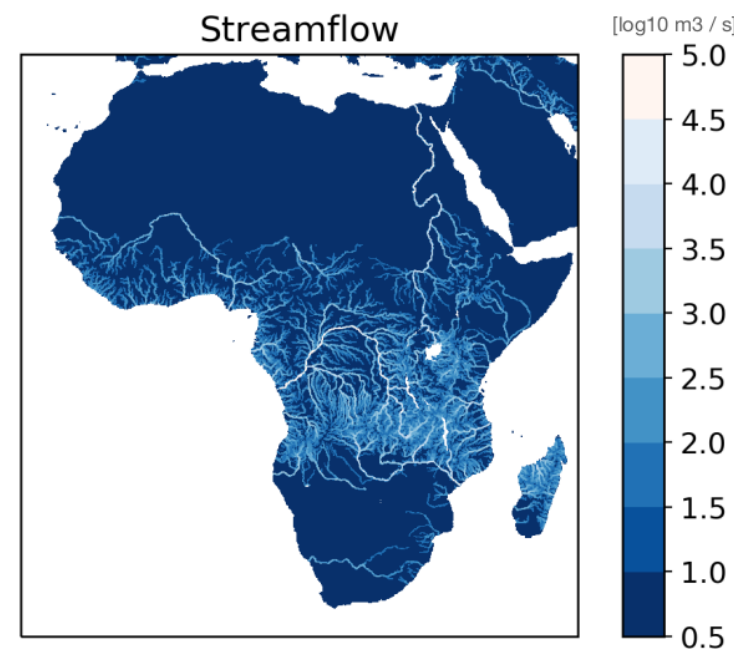
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  select case (processMatrix(5, 1))
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```

- Created new driver for mHM-YAC coupling
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Results

- YAC sends data from ICON to mHM
- Proof of concept: 2 days simulation



- 0,1° global setup
- 20.01.2020 – 22.01.2020

Experiences & Challenges

- All required technical expertise was well represented
 - Implementation of YAC interface went smooth
 - All involved developers were highly committed
 - We made a successful run within *one* sprint
- Executing a coupled simulation of ICON and mHM is challenging
 - Executing modeller needs to have knowledge of configuring **both** models **and** the coupler
 - Simple overview on the components is not enough to run a successful coupling
- Administrative challenges:
 - Unclear project management practices for sprint members
 - Are there guidelines from natESM?

Outlook & open questions

- There was no in-depth scientific evaluation of the coupling
 - Research projects could focus on the Ahr flood event:
 - How would the forecast of such an event profit from an online coupling that would allow the usage of higher resolved temporal data?
- Outlook
 - Obtain further funding for scientific projects making use of the coupling
 - mHM will get a new „meteo-handler“ to make couplings like these easier

Thank you for your attention!

References

- Samaniego L., Kumar, R., and Attinger, S. (2010): Multiscale parameter regionalization of a grid-based hydrologic model at the mesoscale. *Water Resour. Res.*, 46, W05523, <https://doi.org/10.1029/2008WR007327>
- Kumar, R., Samaniego, L., and Attinger, S. (2013): Implications of distributed hydrologic model parameterization on water fluxes at multiple scales and locations, *Water Resour. Res.*, 49, <https://doi.org/10.1029/2012WR012195>
- Samaniego, L., Thober, S., Kumar, R. et al. (2018): Anthropogenic warming exacerbates European soil moisture droughts. *Nature Clim Change* 8, 421–426, <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41558-018-0138-5>
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- Wan, H., Giorgetta, M. A., Zängl, G. et al. (2013): The ICON-1.2 hydrostatic atmospheric dynamical core on triangular grids – Part 1: Formulation and performance of the baseline version, *Geosci. Model Dev.*, 6, 735–763, <https://doi.org/10.5194/gmd-6-735-2013>